

THE BRYAN DAILY EAGLE.

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BRYAN, TEXAS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 19, 1897.

Price, 5 cts.

A Few Good Things And Where to Get Them....

GLORY FLOUR	ED HALL'S
Chase & Sanborn's Coffee	
Fine Teas	
Wine and Fruit Flavored Gelatine	
Best Hams and Breakfast bacon	
Preserves, Jams and Jellies	

We load them all, and have
NOTHING TO GIVE YOU except
good value for your money

We will appreciate your trade.

ED HALL,
THE GROCER.

W. P. Franklin & Son,

Butchers and Meat Dealers.

We : Buy : Hides,
Wool and Pelts.

Markets under Academy of Music and in Zen-
nati block. Telephone 30.

The
KANDY
KITCHEN
ICE CREAM PARLOR



"NAME ON EVERY PIECE"

LOWNEY'S
Chocolate Bonbons.

We make a Specialty of

Lowney's Fine Chocolates.

BRYAN
Water, Ice, Light and Power Co.

Our Plant has been enlarged and refined throughout with new machinery.
We have doubled our lighting capacity, and

Will be ready to supply Water from the New Well April 1st.

The quality of the water is

UNSURPASSED FOR WASHING AND DRINKING PURPOSES,

and the supply is inexhaustible. Our Plumbing Department is complete. We will

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Wash Sinks, Garden

Hose, Hose Reels, Etc.

We have in our employ practical workmen, and can furnish estimates when desired.

Full line of ELECTRIC LIGHT FIXTURES and Furnishings.

TELEPHONE 15

Texas Bakery.
Fresh Bread and Cakes

THE LEADING FEED
AND GRAIN STORE.

ALFALFA HAY.

CORN, OATS, CHOPS, COT-
TON SEED MEAL AND
HULLS, BRAN, and
all kinds of

FEED and SEEDS
always on hand in season.

TRY —

RAVEN'S FOOD

for CHICKEN CHOLERA.

With Six Years' Experience, I can
not be beaten prices.

Get Our Prices on

Corn in Carload Lots

C. F. MOORE.

Supplies for Picnic Parties
and BARBECUES always
ready. LADIES, save
your selves from crowing in
Hot Weather.

Otto Boehme Phone 89



MISSING BLESSINGS

To the afflicted need not be done by Fairies
in these practical days, for at our store we have
ALL THE REMEDIES for relieving pain and
alleviating "all the ills that flesh is heir to."
At this changeable season of the year we are
well supplied with CURES FOR COUGHS AND
COLD. This is also the season for BLOOD
PURIFIERS, of which we have the best. And
we keep everything that could be called for in
a First Class Drug Store.

E. J. FOUNTAIN,

Druggist, Bryan, Texas.

PEACE APPEALED FOR.

Business Men Want the War in
Cuba to Be Stopped.

PETITION THE SECRETARY.

They Show How the Import and Export
Trade to and From the Island
Has Dwindled—The President
Sends in His Message.

New York, May 18.—Firms and individuals in this country who are interested in trade with Cuba, and who desire peace in the island as soon as possible, sent yesterday to the secretary of state a memorial, setting forth how their business interests are suffering and giving facts about the struggle in Cuba, in the hope that measures may be devised to terminate the war in the island. The signers are many prominent firms in the different cities. The memorial reads this way:

The subscribers to this memorial citizens of the United States, doing business as bankers, merchants, manufacturers, steamship owners and agents in the cities of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Savannah, Charleston, Jacksonville, New Orleans and other places, and also citizens of the United States who have been for many years engaged in the export and import trade with the island of Cuba, finding their interests are suffering severely from the long continuance of the struggle now going on in the island of Cuba, desire to present for your careful consideration the following facts, in the hope that you may find in them a sufficient justification of this memorial, and may be able to devise measures whereby the termination of the struggle between the armed forces in the island of Cuba may be hastened and the sufferings and losses of your subscribers may be relieved and commerce may be reestablished between the United States and the island of Cuba.

The magnitude of the American commerce with the island of Cuba is readily shown by citing the volume of our trade with the island for the years 1893, 1894 and 1895. In each of which years the value of our imports from Cuba exceeded \$15,000,000. Our exports to Cuba ranged in value from \$25,000,000 to \$30,000,000 a year during these years, and had been even greater in previous years during the reciprocity treaty of the United States with Spain. The struggle has continued for more than two years, to the serious derangement of our commerce with the island, our imports from Cuba shrinking in value to some \$20,000,000 in 1896, and our exports to Cuba in 1896 amounting to only \$7,000,000, so far as ascertainable.

Many of your subscribers, moreover, have large interests in Cuba, either as property holders or as holders of mortgages, or in the shape of business credit advances, and your subscribers see these interests, already seriously injured, now threatened with annihilation by the continuance of a state of affairs under which we can neither operate any business in the island of Cuba with safety nor take the precautions possible in order to protect our interests.

The third rainy season since the commencement of the insurrection is now at hand in Cuba, and as military operations of any magnitude are made virtually impossible for the next five months by reason of the tropical climate and rains, the relative position of the two contending parties cannot be greatly altered during the summer months.

It appears to your subscribers that for reasons above cited they may venture to lay these facts before you more appropriately at this time, and they sincerely hope that you may be inclined in view of the magnitude and importance of the American commercial interests that are involved, to give careful consideration to the serious blow inflicted upon our commerce and trade by the present disturbance in Cuba, and to determine upon the expediency of taking measures which may facilitate a honorable reconciliation between the contending parties. The restoration of peace in Cuba now or within the present rainy season would probably not on its issue from destruction the large interests of the Americans there at stake, and serve to reestablish an important branch of our nation's commerce, but would prevent further loss of life, destruction of property, widespread distress, hunger and suffering that are inevitably increasing accompaniments of an armed conflict such as has existed for over two years now in Cuba. Your subscribers especially solicit your speedy consideration of this matter, desiring relief for their own large interests involved, and desiring also to aid in securing the estimable blessings of peace for one and one-half million of residents of the island of Cuba, now enduring unexampled distress and suffering.

The great cause of true humanity will be furthered, jointly with that of American commerce, by such measures as your subscriber trust you may deem expedient at this juncture.

Interest in the Cuban Question
Washington, D. C., May 18.—There was no abatement in interest in the

Cuban question in the senate today and the galleries were well filled when the session opened, although the Morgan resolution was not in order until 2 o'clock.

Mr. Stewart of Nevada gave notice of an amendment which he would offer to the tariff bill. It provides that shall be at all times a reserve fund in the treasury of \$50,000,000; that whenever the available balance in the treasury shall exceed \$40,000,000 it shall be the duty of the secretary of the treasury to invest the surplus over the sum in United States bonds, and that when less than \$50,000,000 in the treasury shall issue legal tender non-interest bearing notes to make up the deficiency; that such notes shall be redeemable out of the first surplus over \$50,000,000; that in case insufficient coin to meet coin obligations of the United States shall come into the treasury through extraordinary sources of revenue the secretary shall exchange silver certificates for coin which is in the treasury for that redemption; that the conversion of silver certificates shall be to discharge coin obligations of the United States; and it shall be the duty of the secretary of the treasury to coin sufficient of silver bullion purchased under the law of July 14, 1890, to supply all deficiencies in the supply of coin (under those provisions) to meet and discharge all coin obligations presented. The calendar was taken up and a number of bills and routine business passed.

The Morgan Cuban resolution was taken up at 2 o'clock and Senator Mason of Illinois spoke in its support. Mr. Mason read President McKinley's message to prove that a state of war exists in Cuba, "then if there is no war," said he, "then there ought to be war with us." He and Americans in Cuba needed to be defended with the bayonet as well as with bread.

Internal Revenue Collections.
Washington, May 18.—The monthly statement of collections of internal revenue shows total receipts for April to be \$11,394,529, a decrease of \$8,702 compared with April, 1896. For the last ten months the receipts aggregated \$122,350,404, an increase of \$60,083.

Lawyers Want More Money.

San Francisco, May 18.—Prior to the taking of testimony in the Angus-Craven case Judge Slack heard the application of Attorneys McInery and Pierson and Mitchell for a further allowance for counsel fees as attorneys for the executors of the estate of the late Senator James G. Fair. They have already received \$89,035. George A. Fair, on behalf of Charles L. Fair, opposed the application. Most of the session was consumed by counsel in arguing technicalities which arose during the trial, but a number of expert witnesses were examined.

Pictures Banned in Canada.
Ottawa, Ont., May 17.—The vice-scope pictures of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight will be banned from Canada. Sir Oliver Mowat, minister of justice, has drafted an amendment to the criminal code making it a misdemeanor to exhibit pictures of prize fights in Canada. The penalties are severe, including a fine of from \$500 to \$5,000 and imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months. The amendment will be made a government measure and passed at once.

Will Erect Nine Monuments.
Springfield, Ill., May 18.—The Illinois battlefield monument committee has decided to erect nine monuments each, at Lookout Mountain and at the north end of Mission Ridge to the Illinois regiments which participated in those battles. They also received plans for a granite monument 100 feet high which it is proposed to erect on the top of Mission Ridge on the spot where the Confederate general, Bragg, had his headquarters.

Killed While Wheeling.
London, May 18.—Mr. H. B. Chamberlain of Denver, Col., was killed while bicycling near Staines. Mr. Chamberlain was formerly president of the Chamberlain Investment company of Denver, and was connected with several New York insurance companies. The company built Arlington Heights at Fort Worth, Texas.

Boy's Neck Broken.
Guthrie, Okla., May 18.—William Johnson, aged 12, while returning home from town fell from the wagon as he was trying to set the brake and broke his neck. His father, who came along after another wagon, found him lying in the road dead.

Murderer Commits Suicide.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 18.—The dead body of Wm. Pautz, who murdered Farmer Harris and wounded the hired man and a domestic near Mukwango a week ago, was found in a pond at Prospect Hill. The man had killed himself.

Wheat Crop Heavy.
Guthrie, Okla., May 18.—The wheat crop in this county will be the largest ever raised here, the condition at this time being much better than it has ever been since the opening of the territory.

The Treaty Signed.

New York, May 18.—The Herald's correspondent in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, telegraphs that the new extradition treaty with the United States has been signed.

The Indebtedness Large.
Boston, May 18.—The indebtedness of Chamberlain Bros. & Co., the wool firm who signed last week, is placed at over \$200,000.

TEXAS LEGISLATURE.

The House Devotes the Entire Day to the Text Book Bill.

THE MEASURE ENGRAVED.

It Will Require a Two-Thirds Vote to Take Up Immediately and This It Is Believed Shaves the Bill—No Day Set for Adjournment.

Austin, May 18.—The entire proceedings of the house yesterday was taken up with the text book bill and every step closely contested by both factions. As a result the bill has been somewhat plastered by amendments, but none of them, it is claimed by adherents of the measure, reached its vital parts. Much time was killed by calling the roll, both sides demanding yeas and nays votes on the most important matters, presumably for future record.

A matter freely commented upon by opponents of the bill is the fact that over 30 members voted against Wolter's amendment providing for the teaching of the Bohemian language. German, French, Spanish, Latin and Greek had been provided for in the bill, and the alleged effort to cut off and discriminate against the Bohemians was represented by some members as an injustice despite the fact that the amendment including the Bohemian language prevailed by a small margin of votes.

In the discussion Mr. Evans of Hunt sprang a surprise on the friends of the bill by reading a large number of contracts made by school trustees of different countries with book publishers for a period of five years, which he said, had been legally made and which could not be impaired by legislative enactment, as it would be an abrogation of private contract made in good faith. This rather stamped the advocates of the bill and created something of a sensation, but they finally extricated themselves from the dilemma by the adoption of an amendment exempting such counties from the operation of the act until existing contracts expire.

While under call of the house of the bill a motion to excuse absences prevailed, but it was not a test of strength as some opponents of the measure voted to excuse with a view to permitting the bill to go to engrossment and then sidetracked it in the interest of the general appropriation and deficiency bills. The bill was finally engrossed, 31 members voting no, and some half dozen of its opponents being absent.

The status now is that it will require a two-thirds vote to take it up again.

The house made an attempt to set a day for final adjournment, but it was defeated by a good vote.

The senate had trouble in getting a quorum, and consequently transacted no business of importance.

ANOTHER VETO.

Governor Culverman Disapproves the New Divorce Law of the State.

Austin, Tex., May 18.—(Special)—The governor this morning sent a veto message to the house vetoing Representative Childs' bill permitting the granting of divorces in habitual drunkenness on either of the parts of the husband and wife. The veto is based on the ground that such changes in the present law would be detrimental to society and should not be tolerated.

The governor argues that the law framed years ago has proven an excellent one, and he sees no reason for any changes inasmuch as the present law is broad, elastic and sufficient and as passed upon by the courts has proven ample in all cases. The governor does not desire to enumerate divorces and thinking that this bill would possibly do so, he vetoes it.

The anti-slavery leaders made their last stand early this morning, but the friends of the senate text book bill, which was taken up out of its regular order and passed finally, all efforts to amend it or set it aside being squelched by the brutal majority having the bill in charge.

The senate spent all the morning considering the house general occupation tax bill. There were a number of amendments offered and acted on.

An amendment was offered taxing brewer 10 cents on every barrel of beer brewed. This was laid on the table subject to call.

The senate adopted an amendment striking out the tax of 2 per cent on gross premium receipts of what companies as adopted by the house.

Bicycle Law Being Tested.

St. Paul, Minn., May 18.—James Neill, the well known actor, is a principal in a test case of a new bicycle ordinance in this city. He is charged with riding after dark without a lighted lamp on the forks or axle of his wheel. The case went over until tomorrow and will be carried to the higher court, as Mr. Neill holds the ordinance is nonsensical and unreasonable and therefore void; and that it is beyond the power of the council to enact such a provision. The case will be watched from elsewhere, as similar ordinances are very general in cities throughout the country.

Girl Accidentally Shot.

Valley Mills, Tex., May 18.—In a difficulty here the 17-year-old daughter of J. H. Smith's received the contents of a shotgun in the right side of her head, causing a serious wound. The party in shooting at his opponent missed his aim, hitting the young lady above stated.

HOLD TIGHT!

to your purse strings until Saturday.
I will offer you such bargains that
the strings of your purses will come
untied of their own accord.

Bargains for young, bargains for old;
Bargains to be had for your silver or gold.
I'll save you good Money, so watch for my ad,
For the greatest Special I ever have had.